

Tool to Identify a **Suspected Concussion**

This form must be completed by the responsible adult at the scene of the incident.

Student Name:			
Date of Incident		Time	
Location of Incident:			
Name of the responsible adult monitoring t	he student at the scene:		
Cause of Injury: 📮 Blow to the head	Hit to the body	Uncertain	
Describe the Incident:			

Stop the activity immediately to determine if this is a medical emergency

- A) Initiate the first steps of the Emergency Action Plan
 - Wear gloves if blood is present.
 - If a student cannot start a movement by themselves, do not move the body part for them.
 - Stay calm. Keep an even tone in your voice.
 - Instruct any bystanders not to approach the injured student.
- B) Identify if the student shows any of the **Red Flag** signs and symptoms below. (Check all that apply).

RED FLAGS

You see:

- Vomiting
- Increasing restlessness agitation or combativeness
- Seizure or convulsion
- Deteriorating conscious state
- Loss of consciousness

The student complains of:

- Neck pain or tenderness
- Double vision
- Severe or increasing headache
- Weakness or tingling/burning in arms or legs
- C) If there is any **Red Flags** or other serious injury present:
 - Call 911
 - · Stay with the injured student and monitor them until Emergency Medical Services arrives.
 - Inform the parent of the situation and the steps that are being taken.
 - If the student is not fully conscious, suspect a cervical spine injury and do not move the student.
 - If applicable, do not remove the student's helmet wait for Emergency Medical Services to arrive.

Remove the student from the activity

If the injury does **NOT** require Emergency Medical Services, **remove the student from participating in the activity** and do not let them return to any activities that day. Proceed to Step 3 and 4 to complete this form.













A) Look for the following signs and symptoms of a suspected concussion and check off any that apply.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A SUSPECTED CONCUSSION			
 Possible Signs Observed A sign is something that is observed by another person (e.g. teacher, coach, supervisor, peer). Physical Slurred speech 	Possible Symptoms Reported A symptom is something that the student reports. Physical Headache		
 Poor coordination or balance Dazed, or vacant look Motionless on the ground or slow to get up Grabbing or clutching of the head Cognitive Difficulty concentrating Easily distracted General confusion 	 Ringing in the ears Sensitivity to light or noise Seeing stars, flashing lights Fatigue or feeling tired Balance problems or dizziness Difficulty seeing or blurry / loss of vision Nausea Feeling off / not right 		
 Slowed reaction time (e.g. answering questions) Emotional/Behavioral Strange or inappropriate emotions (e.g. laughing, crying, easily angered) Other: 	Cognitive Difficulty concentrating or remembering Slowed down, fatigue or low energy Dazed or "in a fog" Emotional/Behavioral Irritable, sad, more emotional than usual Nervous or anxious Other:		

B) Ask these questions to test memory and check off if the response is correct or incorrect.

Sample Quick Memory Test Questions	Correct	Incorrect
What room are we in right now?		1
What field are we playing on today?		
Is it before or after lunch?		
What is the name of your teacher/coach?		
What school do you go to?		

Next steps

Suspect a concussion if **ONE** sign is observed or **ONE** symptom is reported or **ONE** Quick Memory Test Question is answered incorrectly.

Contact the parent or emergency contact to come and pick up the student. Continue to observe the student for signs and symptoms of a concussion. Ensure they are with a responsible adult at all times.

The parent/emergency contact should have the student examined by a medical doctor or nurse practitioner as soon as possible if a concussion is suspected.

Continued surveillance undertaken by the parent/guardian

The student should be monitored during the first 24 to 48 hours after the injury as signs and symptoms may appear hours or days later. If signs and/or symptoms appear, the student should be examined by a medical doctor or nurse practitioner as soon as possible.

Name of the responsible adult: